**El Presente / The Present Tense**

We use the present tense when we are talking about what we are doing now or what we do in general.

| 1) A veces | A) When it’s sunny 1 - B |
| 2) Generalmente | B) Sometimes |
| 3) De vez en cuando | C) Generally |
| 4) Cuando tengo tiempo | D) When it’s nice weather |
| 5) Cuando puedo | E) From time to time |
| 6) Cuando hace sol | F) When it rains |
| 7) Cuando hace buen tiempo | G) When I have time |
| 8) Cuando llueve | H) When I can |

**B) Using the placemats to help you, complete the table for these regular verbs:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HABLAR</th>
<th>BEBER</th>
<th>VIVIR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I hablo</td>
<td>You s. bebe</td>
<td>He/she/it</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>We</td>
<td></td>
<td>We</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>You pl.</td>
<td></td>
<td>They</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>They</td>
<td>viven</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**C) Some verbs are irregular which means they don’t always follow the same pattern as regular verbs. Find the translations and colour them in the same colour:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Tengo</strong></th>
<th><strong>He/she/it is</strong></th>
<th><strong>Van</strong></th>
<th><strong>Soy</strong></th>
<th><strong>I give</strong></th>
<th><strong>I go</strong></th>
<th><strong>Es</strong></th>
<th><strong>Son</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>They are</td>
<td>They go</td>
<td>Tenemos</td>
<td>I do</td>
<td>I am (temporary)</td>
<td>No sé</td>
<td>Tienen</td>
<td>Hago</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Estoy</td>
<td>I don’t know</td>
<td>They have</td>
<td>You are</td>
<td>I have</td>
<td>We are</td>
<td>Vamos</td>
<td>We have</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I am (permanent)</td>
<td>Eres</td>
<td>Voy</td>
<td>We go</td>
<td>I watch</td>
<td>Doy</td>
<td>Veo</td>
<td>Somos</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**El Futuro / The Immediate Future Tense**

We use the near/immediate future tense when we are talking about something which we are going to do.

| 1) Este fin de semana | A) In the future 1 - D |
| 2) En el futuro | B) Tomorrow |
| 3) Mañana | C) Next year |
| 4) La semana que viene | D) This weekend |
| 5) El mes que viene | E) Next month |
| 6) El año que viene | F) This afternoon |
| 7) Esta noche | G) Tonight |
| 8) Esta tarde | H) Next week |

**E) Fill in the gaps below using the placemats to help you:**

We use the immediate future tense when we are talking about something which ___________ for example ________________

First we take the present tense of the verb ‘ ___ ’ then ___ plus the i _______

e.g. bailar, jugar, vivir.

**G) Translate these sentences into Spanish:**

Tomorrow I am going to go to Spain ____________________________
Next year we are going to live in France ____________________________
Tonight I am going to eat paella ____________________________
This afternoon they are going to play football ____________________________
In the future I am going to be a teacher ____________________________
### El Futuro / The Future Tense

There is also another future tense used when we are talking about something which we will do.

**H) Add the correct endings to the infinitive to form the future tense then translate each one into English:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Spanish Infinitive</th>
<th>English Infinitive</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>igo</td>
<td>I will go</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>You</td>
<td>iga</td>
<td>You will go</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>He/She/It</td>
<td>iga</td>
<td>He/She/It will go</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>We</td>
<td>iga</td>
<td>We will go</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>You pl.</td>
<td>iga</td>
<td>You pl. will go</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>They</td>
<td>iga</td>
<td>They will go</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**I) Fill in the gaps by adding the correct ending to the infinitive:**

- He will speak French. – Hablar____ francés.
- We will visit the monuments. – Visitar____ los monumentos.
- They will go shopping at 7 o clock. – Ir____ de compras a las siete.
- I will dance at the disco. – Bailar____ en la discoteca.
- You will eat a cheese sandwich. – Comer____ un bocadillo de queso.
- You pl. will live in Spain. – Vivir____ en España.

### El Condicional / The Conditional Tense

The conditional tense is used when we are talking about something which would, could or should happen in the future.

**K) Add the correct endings to the infinitive to form the conditional tense then translate each one into English:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Spanish Infinitive</th>
<th>English Infinitive</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>HABLAR</td>
<td>I would speak</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>You</td>
<td>VIVIR</td>
<td>We would visit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>He/She/It</td>
<td>COMER</td>
<td>They would visit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>We</td>
<td>BAILAR</td>
<td>We would eat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>You pl.</td>
<td>VISITAR</td>
<td>He would live</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>They</td>
<td>BEBER</td>
<td>She would drink</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**L) Underline the correct translation for each of these phrases:**

- I would go iré    iría    voyía    iremos
- They would visit visitarán visitaremos voyía    visitarán
- We would eat como    comió    comeríamos comerán
- He would live viviré    vivirá    viven
- She would drink bebía    bebe    beber    bebería
- *We would like* nos gustariamos nos gustaría

### Find the translations for these irregular future and conditional phrases and colour them in the same colour. Put a star next to all of the Spanish future tense phrases.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spanish Future</th>
<th>English Future</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>diré</td>
<td>I would have</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tendré</td>
<td>I would say</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>saldré</td>
<td>I will make/do</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>diría</td>
<td>I would do</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Podrían</td>
<td>We could</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>podré</td>
<td>haré</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>They would have</td>
<td>I would have</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I would want</td>
<td>I would want</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spanish Conditional</th>
<th>English Conditional</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>podré</td>
<td>I would have</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>vendría</td>
<td>I will make/do</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tendría</td>
<td>I would do</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>haría</td>
<td>We could</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tendríamos</td>
<td>They could</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>saldría</td>
<td>I will have</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Podríamos</td>
<td>I would come</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>podría</td>
<td>I will leave</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
El Pretérito / The Preterite Tense

The preterite tense is used when we are talking about completed actions in the past.

N) Match up the translations of these time phrases:

| 1. Ayer   | A) Last week |
| 2. Anoche | B) Last weekend |
| 3. La semana pasada | C) This morning |
| 4. El año pasado | D) Three days ago |
| 5. El fin de semana pasado | E) Yesterday |
| 6. Esta mañana | F) Five years ago |
| 7. Hace tres días | G) Last year |
| 8. Hace cinco años | H) Last night |

O) Using the placemats to help you, complete the table for these regular verbs:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>HABLAR</th>
<th>BEBER</th>
<th>VIVIR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>hablé</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>You s.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>bebió</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>He/she/it</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>We</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>You pl.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>They</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>vivieron</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

P) Translate these phrases into English:

- Hablé ___________ I spoke
- Hablaste ___________ You spoke
- Vivi ___________ You s.
- Bebi ___________ You pl.
- Viajé ___________ They s.
- Comiste ___________ You ate
- Comieron ___________ You pl.
- Bebieron ___________ They pl.

Q) Translate these phrases into Spanish:

- I ate ___________ I visited
- You drank ___________ You spoke
- He sang ___________ She travelled
- We lived ___________ We danced
- You pl. visited ___________ You pl. ate
- They drank ___________ They travelled

El Pretérito / The Preterite Tense - Irregular Verbs

Some verbs don’t follow this pattern. These are called irregular verbs. You should try to memorise the common ones.

R) Fill in the grid for these irregular preterite verbs:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ir – to go</th>
<th>ser – to be</th>
<th>hacer – to do</th>
<th>ver – to see</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I – Yo</td>
<td>fui</td>
<td>vi</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>You - Tú</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>He/she – él/ella</td>
<td></td>
<td>hizo</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>We – nosotros/as</td>
<td>fuimos</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>You pl. – vosotros/as</td>
<td>visteis</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>They – ellos/as</td>
<td>fueron</td>
<td>vieron</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

S) Match up the infinitive with its irregular preterite form.*Note: some of these are only irregular in the ‘I’ form of the verb:

- dar
- empecé
- tocar
- di
- andar
- jugar
- decir
- puse
- estar
- dije
- llegué
- saber
- supe
- llegar
- vine
- anduve
- supé
- tomar
- venir
- empezar

The verbs ir and ser have the same forms in the preterite tense. You should use context to work out which one is meant.
The imperfect tense is used when we are talking about things which used to happen in the past.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HABLAR</th>
<th>COMER</th>
<th>VIVIR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>hablaba</td>
<td>comía</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>You</td>
<td></td>
<td>vivías</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>He/she/it</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>We</td>
<td>hablábamos</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>You pl.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>They</td>
<td>comían</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

There are only three irregular verbs in the imperfect tense. Fill in the grid with the correct words below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>ir – to go</th>
<th>ser – to be</th>
<th>ver – to see</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>veía</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>You</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Ibas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>He/she/it</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>We</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>veíamos</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>You pl.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>They</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>eran veian</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Quiz**

1. Which tense would you use if you want to talk about something which used to happen?

2. When would you use the preterite tense?

3. What is the ending for ‘he’ for a regular AR verb in the present tense?

4. How do you say ‘I went’?

5. How do you say ‘I am going to go’?

6. How do you say ‘I will go’?

**Scores**

| A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | J | K | L | M | N | O | P | Q | R | S | T | U | Quiz |
| /8| /15| /16| /8| /5| /6| /5| /9| /6| /9| /6| /16| /8| /15| /10| /12| /10| /11| /12| /12| /6 |