

Trinity School

Special Educational Needs Information Report



DOCUMENT REVIEW

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Trinity School

SEN Information Report

This report is written in line with the requirements of: -

Children and Families Act 2014

SEN Code of Practice 2014

SI 2014 1530 Special Educational Needs and Disability Regulations 2014

Part 3 Duties on Schools – Special Educational Needs Co-ordinators

Schedule 1 regulation 51– Information to be included in the SEN information report

Schedule 2 regulation 53 – Information to be published by a local authority in its local offer

Equality Act 2010

Schools Admissions Code, DfE 1 Feb 2012

SI 2012 1124 The School Information (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2012

SI 2013 758 The School Information (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2013

This statement should be read in conjunction with the following school policies:

SEN Policy, Administration of Medicine, Behaviour Policy, Child Protection, EAL Policy, Home School Agreement and Complaints Policy.

This statement was developed in consultation with parents and governors from the Education committee. It will be reviewed annually.

Definition of SEN

A child or young person has SEN if they have a learning difficulty or disability which calls for special educational provision to be made for him or her.

A child of compulsory school age or a young person has a learning difficulty if he or she:

- (a) Has a significantly greater difficulty in learning than the majority of others of the same age; or
- (b) Has a disability which prevents or hinders him or her from making use of facilities of a kind generally provided for others of the same age in mainstream schools or mainstream post-16 institutions. *SEN Code of Practice (2014, p 4)*

Definition of disability

Many children and young people who have SEN may also have a disability under the Equality Act 2010 – that is ‘...a physical or mental impairment which has a long-term and substantial adverse effect on their ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities’. This definition provides a relatively low threshold and includes more children than many realise: ‘long-term’ is defined as ‘a year or more’ and ‘substantial’ is defined as ‘more than minor or trivial’ *SEN Code of Practice (2014, p5)*

1 The kinds of special educational need for which provision is made at the school

At Trinity School we can make provision for every kind of frequently occurring special educational need without a statement of special educational needs / Education, Health and Care Plan, for instance dyslexia, dyspraxia, speech and language needs, autism, Asperger’s syndrome, learning difficulties and behaviour difficulties. There are other kinds of special educational need which do not occur as frequently and with which the school is less familiar, but we can access training and advice so that these kinds of needs can be met.

The school also currently meets the needs of pupils with a statement of special educational need / Education, Health and Care plan with the following kinds of special educational need: list all current and recent past SEN needs of SSEN/EHCP. Decisions on the admission of pupils with a statement of special educational need / Education, Health and Care plan are made by the Local Authority.

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The admission arrangements for pupils without a statement of special educational needs / Education, Health and Care Plan do not discriminate against or disadvantage disabled children or those with special educational needs.

2 Information about the policy for identification and assessment of pupils with SEN

At Trinity School we monitor the progress of all pupils a minimum of 2 times a year to review their academic progress. We also use a range of assessments with all the pupils at various points. Base line assessments are carried out in KS3 subjects to monitor progress from the end of KS2 to the end of KS3.

Where progress is not sufficient, even if special educational need has not been identified, we put in place extra support to enable the pupil to catch up. Examples of extra support are e.g. Lexia reading & handwriting support.

Some pupils may continue to make inadequate progress, despite high-quality teaching targeted at their areas of weakness. For these pupils, and in consultation with parents, we will use a range of assessment tools to determine the cause of the learning difficulty. At Trinity School we are experienced in using a range of assessment tools and we have access to external advisors who are able to use more detailed assessment tools – Specialist Teaching Service via the Local Inclusion Forum Team.

The purpose of this more detailed assessment is to understand what additional resources and different approaches are required to enable the pupil to make better progress. These will be shared with parents, put into a SEN support plan and reviewed regularly, and refined / revised if necessary. At this point we will have identified that the pupil has a special educational need because the school is making special educational provision for the pupil which is additional and different to what is normally available.

If the pupil is able to make good progress using this additional and different resource (but would not be able to maintain this good progress without it) we will continue to identify the pupil as having a special educational need. If the pupil is able to maintain good progress without the additional and different resources he or she will not be identified with special educational needs. When any change in identification of SEN is changed parents will be notified.

We will ensure that all teachers and support staff who work with the pupil are aware of the support to be provided and the teaching approaches to be used.

3 Information about the school's policies for making provision for pupils with special educational needs whether or not they have EHC Plans, including

3a How the school evaluates the effectiveness of its provision for such pupils

Each review of the SEN support plan will be informed by the views of the pupil, parents and class/subject teachers and the assessment information from teachers which will show whether adequate progress is being made.

The *SEN Code of Practice (2014, 6.17)* describes inadequate progress thus:

- Is significantly slower than that of their peers starting from the same baseline
- Fails to match or better the child's previous rate of progress
- Fails to close the attainment gap between the child and their peers
- Widens the attainment gap

For pupils with or without a statement of special educational needs / Education, Health and Care Plan there will be an annual review of the provision made for the child, which will enable an evaluation of the effectiveness of the special provision. The collation of all annual review evaluations of effectiveness will be reported to the governing board.

3b the school's arrangements for assessing and reviewing the progress of pupils with special educational needs

Every pupil in the school has their progress tracked a minimum of two times per year. In addition to this, pupils with special educational needs may have more frequent assessments of reading age, spelling age etc. The assessments we use at Trinity School are noted in section 2. Using these it will be possible to see if pupils are increasing their level of skills in key areas.

If these assessments do not show adequate progress is being made the SEN support plan will be reviewed and adjusted.

3c the school's approach to teaching pupils with special educational needs

High quality teaching, differentiated for individual pupils, is the first step in responding to pupils who have or may have SEN. Additional intervention and support cannot compensate for a lack of good quality teaching. Schools should regularly and carefully review the quality of teaching for all pupils, including those at risk of underachievement. This includes reviewing and, where necessary, improving, teachers' understanding of strategies to identify and support vulnerable pupils and their knowledge of the SEN most frequently encountered *SEN Code of Practice (2014, 6.37)*

Trinity School has been judged by Ofsted as Good in all areas including the quality of teaching.

We follow the Mainstream Core Standards (see link below) advice developed by Kent County Council to ensure that our teaching conforms to best practice.

http://www.kelsi.org.uk/pupil_support_and_wellbeing/targeted_support/inclusion/inclusion_and_achievement/publications_and_documents.aspx

In meeting the Mainstream Core Standards the school employs some additional teaching approaches, as advised by internal and external assessments. These are delivered by additional staff employed through the funding provided to the school as 'notional SEN funding'

3d how the school adapts the curriculum and learning environment for pupils with special educational needs

At Trinity School we follow the advice in the Mainstream Core Standards on how to adapt the curriculum and the learning environment for pupils with special educational needs. We also incorporate the advice provided as a result of assessments, both internal and external, and the strategies described in statements of special educational needs / Education, Health and Care Plans.

3e additional support for learning that is available to pupils with special educational needs

As part of our budget we receive 'notional SEN funding'. This funding is used to ensure that the quality of teaching is good in the school and that there are sufficient resources to deploy additional and different teaching for pupils requiring SEN support. The amount of support required for each pupil to make good progress will be different in each case and a full list of the interventions we can offer is on our provision map. In very few cases a very high level of resource is required. The funding arrangements require schools to provide up to £6000 per year of resource for pupils with high needs, and above that amount the Local Authority should provide top up to the school (KCC's Schools Funding Forum is currently developing a system for this which was implemented in April 2015)

3f how the school enables pupils with special educational needs to engage in activities of the school (including physical activities) together with children who do not have special educational needs

All clubs, trips and activities offered to pupils at Trinity School are available to pupils with special educational needs either with or without a statement of special educational needs / Education, Health and Care Plan. Where it is necessary, the school will use the resources available to it to provide additional adult support to enable the safe participation of the pupil in the activity

3g support that is available for improving the emotional and social development of pupils with special educational needs

At Trinity School we understand that an important feature of the school is to enable all pupils to develop emotional resilience and social skills, both through direct teaching for instance PSHE, RE & Philosophy and indirectly with every conversation adults have with pupils throughout the day.

For pupils with the most need we can also provide the following: access to a counsellor, mentor time with a students' tutor or external referral to CAHMs

Pupils in the early stages of emotional and social development because of their special educational needs will be supported to enable them to develop and mature appropriately. This will usually require additional and different resources, beyond that required by pupils who do not need this support.

4 The name and contact details of the SEN Co-ordinator

The SENCO at Trinity School is Mr Alastair Williams, who is a qualified teacher and is undertaking the National Award for SEN Co-ordination.

Mr Alastair Williams is available on 01732 469111 or awilliams@trinitysevenoaks.com. The SENCO is also a class teacher and will follow up all contact within 24 hours where possible.

5 Information about the expertise and training of staff in relation to children and young people with special educational needs and how specialist expertise will be secured

All teachers and teaching assistants have had the following awareness training – provision of strategies to support the students in their learning environments. Specific support/training is given as identified through line management meetings.

Where a training need is identified beyond this the school will find a provider who is able to deliver it. Training providers we can approach are, Specialist Teacher Service, Educational Psychologist. The cost of training is covered by the notional SEN funding.

6 Information about how equipment and facilities to support children and young people with special educational needs will be secured

Where external advisors recommend the use of equipment or facilities which the school does not have, the school will purchase it using the notional SEN funding, or seek it by loan. For highly specialist communication equipment the school will seek the advice of the KCC Communication and Assistive Technology team.

7 The arrangements for consulting parents of children with special educational needs about, and involving them in, their education

All parents of pupils at Trinity School are invited to discuss the progress of their children during parents' evening. Additionally, parents will receive one full report plus attainment reports in the year. In addition, we are happy to arrange meetings outside these times. As part of our normal teaching arrangements, all pupils will access some additional teaching to help them catch-up if the progress monitoring indicates that this is necessary; this will not imply that the pupil has a special educational need. All such provision will be recorded, tracked and evaluated on a Provision Map which will be shared with parents three times per year.

If following this normal provision improvements in progress are not seen, we will contact parents to discuss the use of internal or external assessments which will help us to address these needs better. From this point onwards the pupil will be identified as having special educational needs because special educational provision is being made and the parent will be invited to all planning and reviews of this provision. Parents will be actively supported to contribute to assessment, planning and review.

In addition to this, parents of pupils with a statement of SEN / Education, Health and Care Plan will be invited to contribute to and attend an annual review, which, wherever possible will also include other agencies involved with the pupil. Information will be made accessible for parents.

8 The arrangements for consulting young people with special educational needs about, and involving them in, their education

When a pupil has been identified to have special educational needs because special educational provision is being made for him or her, the pupil will be consulted about and involved in the arrangements made for them as part of person-centred planning. Parents are likely to play a more significant role in the childhood years with the young person taking more responsibility and acting with greater independence in later years.

9 The arrangements made by the governing board relating to the treatment of complaints from parents of pupils with special educational needs concerning the provision made at the school

The normal arrangements for the treatment of complaints at Trinity School are used for complaints about provision made for special educational needs. We encourage parents to discuss their concerns initially with their subject teacher or form tutor to resolve the issue. Subject teachers and form tutors will then pass the concerns on to the SENCO or Head of Key Stage or Deputy Head and then Headmaster to resolve the issue if this can't be solved at the initial level. If the issue is still not resolved, then a formal complaint can be made to the Chair of the governing board.

If the complaint is not resolved after it has been considered by the governing board, then a disagreement resolution service or mediation service can be contracted. If it remains unresolved after this, the complainant can appeal to the First-tier Tribunal (Special Educational Needs and Disability), if the case refers to disability discrimination, or to the Secretary of State for all other cases.

There are some circumstances, usually for children who have a Statement of SEN where there is a statutory right for parents to appeal against a decision of the Local Authority. Complaints which fall within this category cannot be investigated by the school.

10 How the governing board involves other bodies, including health and social services bodies, local authority support services and voluntary organisations, in meeting the needs of pupils with special educational needs and in supporting the families of such pupils

The governing board have engaged with the following bodies: -

- Free membership of LIFT for access to specialist teaching and learning service
- A Service Level Agreement with the Educational Psychology service
- Link to Disabled Children's Service for support to families for some pupils with high needs
- Kent Early Help Team
- Membership of professional networks for SENCO eg SENCO forum

11 The contact details of support services for the parents of pupils with special educational needs, including those for arrangements made in accordance with clause 32 (Parent Partnership Services)

Information, Advice and Support Kent (IASK) (formerly Kent Parent Partnership Service) provides free, impartial, confidential, advice, support and options around educational issues for parents who have children with special educational needs or disabilities (0-19). They empower parents to play an active and informed role in their child's education. They can be contacted on

HELPLINE: 03000 41 3000

Office: 03000 412 412 and

Minicom: 03000 413 030

E-mail: iask@kent.gov.uk

<http://www.kent.gov.uk/kpps>

1.2 The school's arrangements for supporting pupils with special educational needs in transferring between phases of education or in preparing for adulthood and independent living

At Trinity School we work closely with the educational settings used by the pupils before they transfer to us in order to seek the information that will make the transfer as seamless as possible.

Transition is individualised and begins as soon as we know that a student is coming to Trinity. The minimum engagement involves a visit by the SENCO and/or other delegated staff members. This visit enables time for a discussion with the primary SENCO and/or Y6 teacher about academic and social progress and relevant strategies and other information gathering, most notably current and predicted levels. It may not be possible to visit schools where numbers of students are very low, in which case these students will be invited to Trinity as an alternative strategy for transition.

Individual students are also spoken to, and Trinity students accompany the visits to speak to students about life at secondary school.

Information gathered then forms a central part of the school's transition programme and the provision mapping for SEN and vulnerabilities.

Smaller scale visits are also arranged for identified vulnerable students.

The Transition Day in July has students meeting the members of their new tutor group and selected current students who will be form mentors to newcomers. Form tutors undertake social and team building events on these days

School KS2 data is the baseline for progress in KS3 but these tests inform our learning strategies for new students. Form Tutors are leads for their groups on pastoral and academic support, and their work is underpinned by the information gathered through transition visits.

Where needed, handover of CAFs and further meetings with students and parents happen with key staff where needs are identified. This will develop further as we take on students with more complex needs (e.g. Statements).

Social and academic progress is monitored through Y7 in our data cycles and an early, pastoral-focused parents evening.

We also contribute information to a pupils' onward destination by providing information to the next setting.

1.3 Information on where the local authority's local offer is published.

The local authority's local offer is published on www.kent.gov.uk and parents without internet access should make an appointment with the SENCO for support to gain the information they require.