

Documentation Information			
Reviewed By	Directors	Responsibility	Directors
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What is the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)?

This is a European Directive that will/has be/been brought into UK law with updated Data Protection Act (DPA) regulations at the end of May 2018. Brexit will not change this.

What is the point of the GDPR?

The GDPR and new DPA exist to look after individual's data. It is a series of safeguards for every individual. Information about individuals needs to be treated with respect and be secure. The GDPR exists to protect individual rights in an increasingly digital world.

Who does it apply to?

Everyone, including schools. As Public Bodies schools have more obligations than some small businesses. It is mandatory to comply with the GDPR and proposed provisions in the GDPR Act. We want to make sure information about pupils, parents, staff, volunteers and community users is kept secure and within the law.

What is Data?

Any information that relates to a living person that identified them. This can be by name, address or phone number for example. It also relates to details about that person, which can include opinions.

Some data is considered to be more sensitive, and therefore more important to protect. This is information about racial or ethnic origin, political opinions, religious or philosophical beliefs, trade union membership, data concerning health or sex life and sexual orientation, genetic data, and biometric data where processed to uniquely identify a person.

Schools often collect sensitive data for DfE (and other government agencies) and LA requirements and of course pupil data may contain information about safeguarding, SEND or health needs. Information about other family members may also be on the school file.

Every school also has to publish a Privacy / Fair Processing Notice on the website.

What are the key principles of the GDPR? Lawfulness, transparency and fairness.

Schools must have a legitimate reason to hold the data, we explain this in the Data Privacy Notices on the website. We often ask for consent to use data about a pupil for a particular purpose. If you wish to withdraw consent, we have a form to complete to allow us to process your request. There are sometimes when you cannot withdraw consent as explained in 'Data Subjects Rights'.

Collect data for a specific purpose and use it for that purpose

So, data cannot be used for a purpose that it was not originally collected for, or where notice has not been given about how data may be used after collection.

Limited collection

Data controllers should only collect the minimum amount of data needed for a particular task or reason. If there is a breach or a hack only limited information can be lost.

Accuracy

Data collected should be accurate, and steps should be taken to check and confirm accuracy. We do this when pupils join our schools and check on an annual basis.

If a Data Subject feels that the information held is inaccurate, or should no longer be held by the Controller or should not be held by the Controller in any event a dispute resolution process and complaint process can be accessed, using the suitable forms. Please contact the trust in writing to request the appropriate forms.

Retention

The LiFE Multi Academy Trust (The Trust) has a retention policy that explains how long we store records for. This is available on request from the school your child attends. For further details, see IRMS Schools Toolkit.

Security

We have processes in place to keep data safe. That might be paper files, electronic records or other information.

Who is a 'data subject'?

Someone whose details we keep on file. Some details are more sensitive than others. The GDPR sets out collection of details such as health conditions and ethnicity, which are more sensitive than names and phone numbers.

Data subjects' rights

Individuals have a right:-

- to be informed of access to data stored about them or their children
- to rectification if there is an error on the data stored
- to erasure if there is no longer a need for the school/trust to keep the data
- to restrict processing, i.e. to limit what is done with their data
- to object to data being shared or collected

There are other rights that relate to automated decision making, and data portability that are not directly relevant in schools/trusts.

Data subjects rights are also subject to child protection and safeguarding concerns, sharing information for the prevention and detection of crime. Schools also have legal and contractual obligations to share information with organisations such as the Department for Education (DFE) and other government agencies, Social Care, the Local Authority and HMRC amongst others. In some cases, these obligations override individual rights.

Subject Access Requests

You can ask for copies of information that we hold about you or a pupil who you have parental responsibility for, or are a parent of at school. This Subject Access Request process is set out separately. You need to fill out the form, and you may need to provide identification evidence for us to process the request.

We have to provide the information within a month, but this can be extended, if for example, the school was closed for holidays. The maximum extension is up to two months.

When we receive a request, we may ask you to be more specific about the information that you require. This is to refine any queries to make sure you access what you need, rather than sometimes getting a lot of information that may not be relevant to your query.

In some cases, we cannot share all information we hold on file if there are contractual, legal or regulatory reasons.

We cannot release information provided by a third party without their consent, or in some cases you may be better to approach them directly, e.g. school nurses who are employed by the NHS. We will supply the information in an electronic form.

If you wish to complain about the process, please see our complaints policy and later information in this DPA policy.

Who is a 'data controller'?

The Trust is the data controller. They have ultimate responsibility for how school manages data. They delegate this to data processors to act on their behalf.

Who is a 'data processor'?

This is a person or organisation that uses, collects, accesses or amends the data that the controller has collected or authorised to be collected. It can be a member of staff, a third-party company, possibly a governor, a contractor or temporary employee. It can also be another organisation such as the police or the LA or other government agencies.

Data controllers must make sure that data processors are as careful about the data as the controller themselves. The GDPR places additional obligations on organisations to make sure that Data Controllers require contractual agreements to ensure that this is the case.

Processing data

School must have a reason to process the data about an individual. Our privacy notices set out how we use data. The GDPR has 6 conditions for lawful processing and any time we process data relating to an individual, it is within one of those conditions.

If there is a data breach, we have a separate policy and procedure to follow to take immediate action to remedy the situation as quickly as possible (available with written request).

The legal basis and authority for collecting and processing data in school are:-

- consent obtained from the data subject or their parent
- performance of a contract where the data subject is a party
- compliance with a legal obligation
- to protect the vital interests of the data subject or other associated person
- to carry out the processing that is in the public interest and/or official authority
- it is necessary for the legitimate interests of the data controller or third party in accordance with national law.

In addition, any special categories of personal data are processed on the grounds of

- explicit consent from the data subject or about their child
- necessary to comply with employment rights or obligations
- protection of the vital interests of the data subject or associated person
- being necessary to comply with the legitimate activities of the school
- existing personal data that has been made public by the data subject and is no longer confidential
- bringing or defending legal claims
- safeguarding
- national laws in terms of processing genetic, biometric or health data.

Processing data is recorded within the trusts systems.

Data Sharing

Data sharing is done within the limits set by the GDPR. Guidance from the Department for Education, health authority, the police, local authorities and other specialist organisations maybe used to determine whether data is shared.

The basis for sharing or not sharing data is recorded by the trust.

Breaches & Non Compliance

If there is non-compliance with the policy or processes, or there is a DPA breach as described within the GDPR and DPA 2018 then the guidance set out in the Breach & Non Compliance Procedure and Process needs to be followed.

Protecting data and maintaining data subjects rights is the purpose of this policy and associated procedures.

Consent

As a trust, we will seek consent from staff, volunteers, young people, parents and carers to collect and process their data. We will be clear about our reasons for requesting the data, and how we will/may use it. There are contractual, statutory and regulatory occasions when consent is not required.

However, in most cases data will only be processed, if explicit consent has been obtained.

Consent is defined by the GDPR as “any freely given, specific, informed and unambiguous indication of the data subject’s wishes by which he or she, by a statement or by a clear affirmative action, signifies agreement to the processing of personal data relating to him or her”.

We may seek consent from young people also, and this will be dependent on the child and the reason for processing.

Consent and Renewal

On the LIFE Multi-Academy Trust website, we have ‘Privacy Notices’ that explain how data is collected and used. It is important to read those notices as it explains how data is used in detail.

Obtaining clear consent and ensuring that the consent remains in place is important for the trust. We also want to ensure the accuracy of that information.

For Pupils and Parents/Carers

On arrival at your child’s school, you will be asked to complete a form giving next of kin details, emergency contact and other essential information. We will also ask you to give consent to use the information for other in school/trust purposes, as set out on the data collection/consent form.

We review the contact and consent form on an annual basis. It is important to inform your child’s school if details or your decision about consent changes. A form is available.

Pupil Consent Procedure

Where processing relates to a child under 16 years old, school will obtain the consent from a person who has parental responsibility for the child.

Pupil’s may be asked to give consent or to be consulted about how their data is obtained, shared and used in certain situations.

Withdrawal of Consent

Consent can be withdrawn, subject to contractual, statutory or regulatory constraints. Where more than one person has the ability to provide or withdraw consent the school/trust will consider each situation on the merits and within the principles of GDPR. Also child welfare, protection and safeguarding principles must be considered. Please complete the appropriate form.

CCTV Policy

Please also see the CCTV and IT Security policy.

We use CCTV and store images for a period of time in line with the policy. CCTV may be used for:-

- Detection and prevention of crime

- School staff disciplinary procedures
- Pupil behaviour and exclusion management processes
- To assist the school in complying with legal and regulatory obligations

Data Protection Officer

We have a Data Protection Officer whose role is to:-

- to inform and advise the controller or the processor and the employees who carry out processing of their obligations under the GDPR
- to monitor compliance with the GDPR and DPA
- to provide advice where requested about the data protection impact assessment and monitor its performance
- to be the point of contact for Data Subjects, if there are concerns about data protection
- to cooperate with the supervisory authority and manage the breach procedure
- to advise about training and CPD for the GDPR

Our DPO is J A Walker Solicitors, whose contact details are info@jawalker.co.uk

Physical Security

Within our schools, every secure area has individuals who are responsible for ensuring that the space is securely maintained, and controlled, if unoccupied (i.e. locked). Offices and cupboards that contain personal data, should be secured, if the processor is not present.

The Site Teams in each school are responsible for authorising access to secure areas along with the appropriate member of the Senior Leadership Teams.

All Staff, contractors and third parties who have control over lockable areas must take due care to prevent data breaches.

Secure Disposal

When disposal of items is necessary a suitable process must be used. This is to secure the data, to provide a process that does not enable data to be shared in error, by malicious or criminal intent.

These processes, when undertaken by a third party are subject to contractual conditions to ensure GDPR and DPA compliance.

Hardware is disposed/recycled by Enviro Electronics or other approved third parties that are GDPR compliant.

Hard copy files are security destroyed internally at each school within the trust or sent to third parties that are GDPR compliant.

Servers and hard drives are cleansed or destroyed, by Enviro Electronics, or other approved third parties that are GDPR compliant.

Portable and removable storage are destroyed/cleaned/recycled by Enviro Electronics or other approved third parties that are GDPR compliant.

Complaints & the Information Commissioner Office (ICO)

The trusts Complaint Policy deals with complaints about Data protection issues.

There is a right to complain, if you feel that data has been shared without consent, or lawful authority.

You can complain, if you have asked the trust to erase, rectify, not process data and we have not agreed to your request.

We will always try to resolve issues on an informal basis, and then through our formal complaints procedure. Please complete the form, and we will contact you with more details about the timescale and process.

In the UK, it is the ICO, who has responsibility for safeguarding and enforcing the DPA obligations.

Email: casework@ico.org.uk Helpline: 0303 123 1113 web: www.ico.org.uk

Review

A review of the effectiveness of GDPR compliance and processes, should be conducted by the Data Protection Officer, every 12/24 months, in line with legislation.